

Fourier series for an arbitrary period

21.9 21.9

 $f(x)$ periodic with period $2T$

$$x \rightarrow 2T$$

$$v \rightarrow 2\pi$$

$$\Rightarrow x = \frac{T}{\pi} v, v = \frac{\pi}{T} x, dv = \frac{\pi}{T} dx$$

$$f(v) = f\left(\frac{T}{\pi} v\right) = \frac{a_0}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n \cos nv + b_n \sin nv$$

$$a_0 = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(v) dv = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f\left(\frac{T}{\pi} v\right) dv = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-T}^T f(x) \frac{\pi}{T} dx$$

$$\Rightarrow a_0 = \frac{1}{T} \int_{-T}^T f(x) dx$$

$$a_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(v) \cos nv dv = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f\left(\frac{T}{\pi} v\right) \cos nv dv$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-T}^T f(x) \cos\left(\frac{n\pi x}{T}\right) \frac{\pi}{T} dx$$

$$\Rightarrow a_n = \frac{1}{T} \int_{-T}^T f(x) \cos\left(\frac{n\pi x}{T}\right) dx$$

Same as :

$$b_n = \frac{1}{T} \int_{-T}^T f(x) \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{T}\right) dx$$

$$\Rightarrow f(x) = \frac{a_0}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n \cos \frac{n\pi x}{T} + b_n \sin \frac{n\pi x}{T}$$

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Ex: P.13

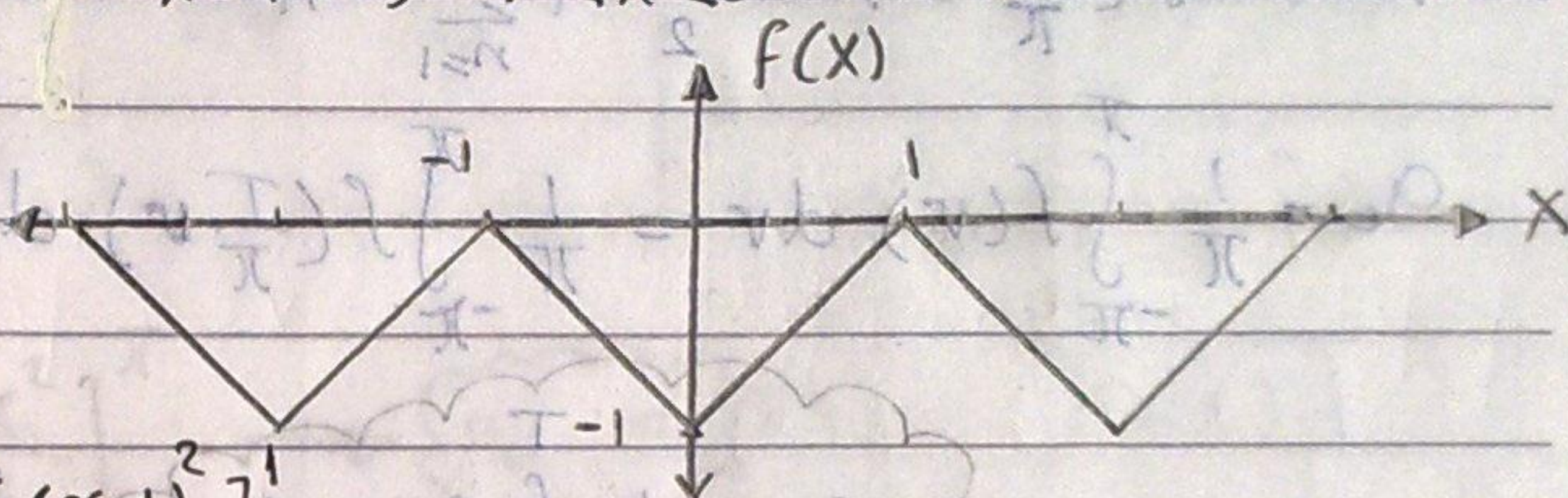
Find F.S. for $f(x) = |x| - 1$, $-1 < x < 1$

$$f(x+2) = f(x) \rightarrow 2T = 2 \rightarrow T = 1 \quad \& \quad |x| = \begin{cases} x, & x \geq 0 \\ -x, & x < 0 \end{cases}$$

$$f(x) = |x| - 1 = \begin{cases} x - 1, & 0 < x < 1 \\ -x - 1, & -1 < x < 0 \end{cases}$$

$f(x)$ = even function

$$b_n = 0$$



$$a_0 = \frac{2}{1} \int_0^1 (x-1) dx = 2 \left[\frac{(x-1)^2}{2} \right]_0^1 = -1$$

$$a_n = \frac{1}{T} \int_{-T}^T f(x) \cos\left(\frac{n\pi x}{T}\right) dx = \frac{2}{1} \int_0^1 (x-1) \cos \frac{n\pi x}{1} dx$$

$$u = x - 1 \quad dv = \cos(n\pi x) dx$$

$$du = dx \quad v = \frac{\sin(n\pi x)}{n\pi}$$

$$a_n = 2 \left[(x-1) \cdot \frac{\sin n\pi x}{n\pi} \Big|_0^1 + \frac{\cos n\pi x}{(n\pi^2)} \Big|_0^1 \right] = \frac{2}{n^2\pi^2} [\cos n\pi - 1]$$

$$a_n = \frac{2}{n^2\pi^2} ((-1)^n - 1)$$

$$\Rightarrow f(x) = -\frac{1}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2}{n^2\pi^2} ((-1)^n - 1) \cos n\pi x$$

Note:

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$$u dv = u \left(\int dv \right) - u' \left(\int \int dv \right) + u'' \left(\int \int \int dv \right)$$

Ex. Problem (21) p. 20

Expand $f(x) = x^2$, $0 < x < 1$, by a Fourier series which contains only:

(i) Sine harmonics

(iii) odd harmonics

(ii) Cosine harmonics

(iv) Even harmonics

Half Range Expansion

$$f(x) = x^2, \quad 0 \leq x \leq 1$$

(c) Sine harmonics

odd function

$$a_0 = a_n = 0$$

$$b_n = \frac{2}{1} \int_0^1 x^2 \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{1}\right) dx$$

$$= 2 \left[x^2 \left(-\frac{\cos n\pi x}{n\pi} \right) \right]_0^1 + 2x \left(\frac{\sin n\pi x}{n^2 \pi^2} \right) \Big|_0^1 + 2 \left(\frac{\cos n\pi x}{n^3 \pi^3} \right) \Big|_0^1$$

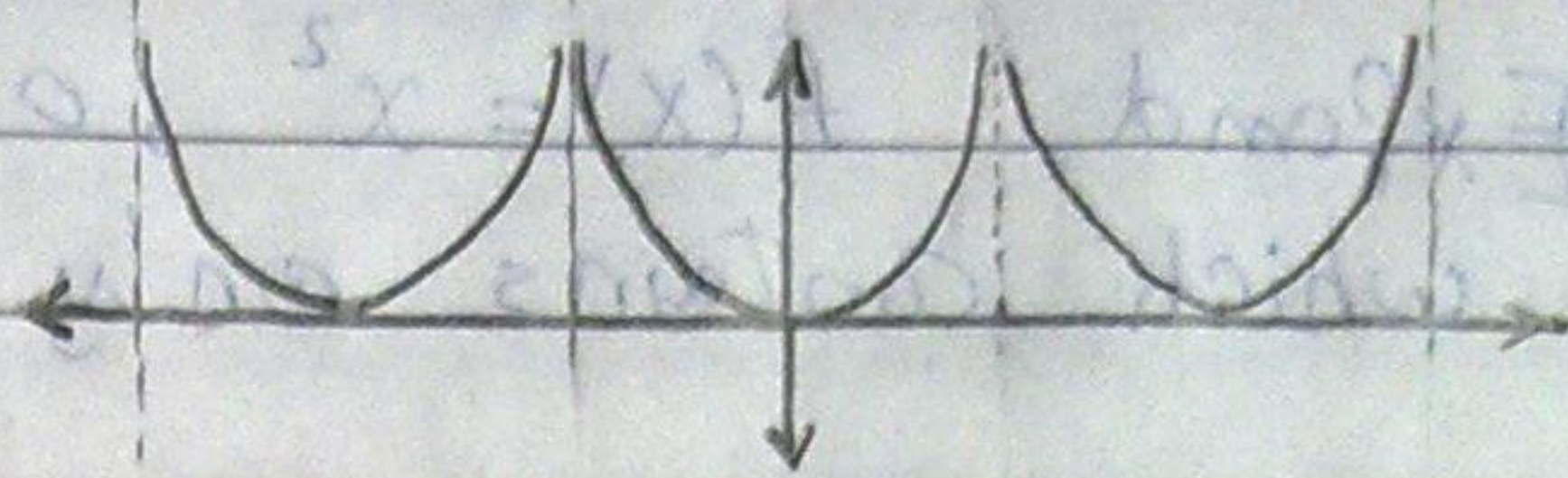
$$b_n = 2 \left[\frac{(-1)^{n+1}}{n\pi} + \frac{2}{n^3\pi^3} ((-1)^n - 1) \right]$$

$$f(x) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} 2 \left[\frac{(-1)^{n+1}}{n\pi} + \frac{2}{n^3\pi^3} ((-1)^n - 1) \right] \sin n\pi x$$

(ii) Cosine harmonic

even function

$$b_n = 0$$



$$a_0 = \frac{2}{1} \int_0^1 x^2 dx = 2 \left[\frac{x^3}{3} \right]_0^1 \Rightarrow a_0 = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$a_n = \frac{2}{1} \int_0^1 x^2 \cos(n\pi x) dx$$
$$= 2 \left[x^2 \left(\frac{\sin(n\pi x)}{n\pi} \right) \Big|_0^1 + 2x \left(-\frac{\cos(n\pi x)}{n^2 \pi^2} \right) \Big|_0^1 + 2 \left(-\frac{\sin(n\pi x)}{n^3 \pi^3} \right) \Big|_0^1 \right]$$

$$a_n = \frac{4}{n^2 \pi^2} (-1)^n$$

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{4}{n^2 \pi^2} (-1)^n \cos(n\pi x)$$

(iii) odd harmonics

$$a_0 = a_{2n} = b_{2n} = 0$$

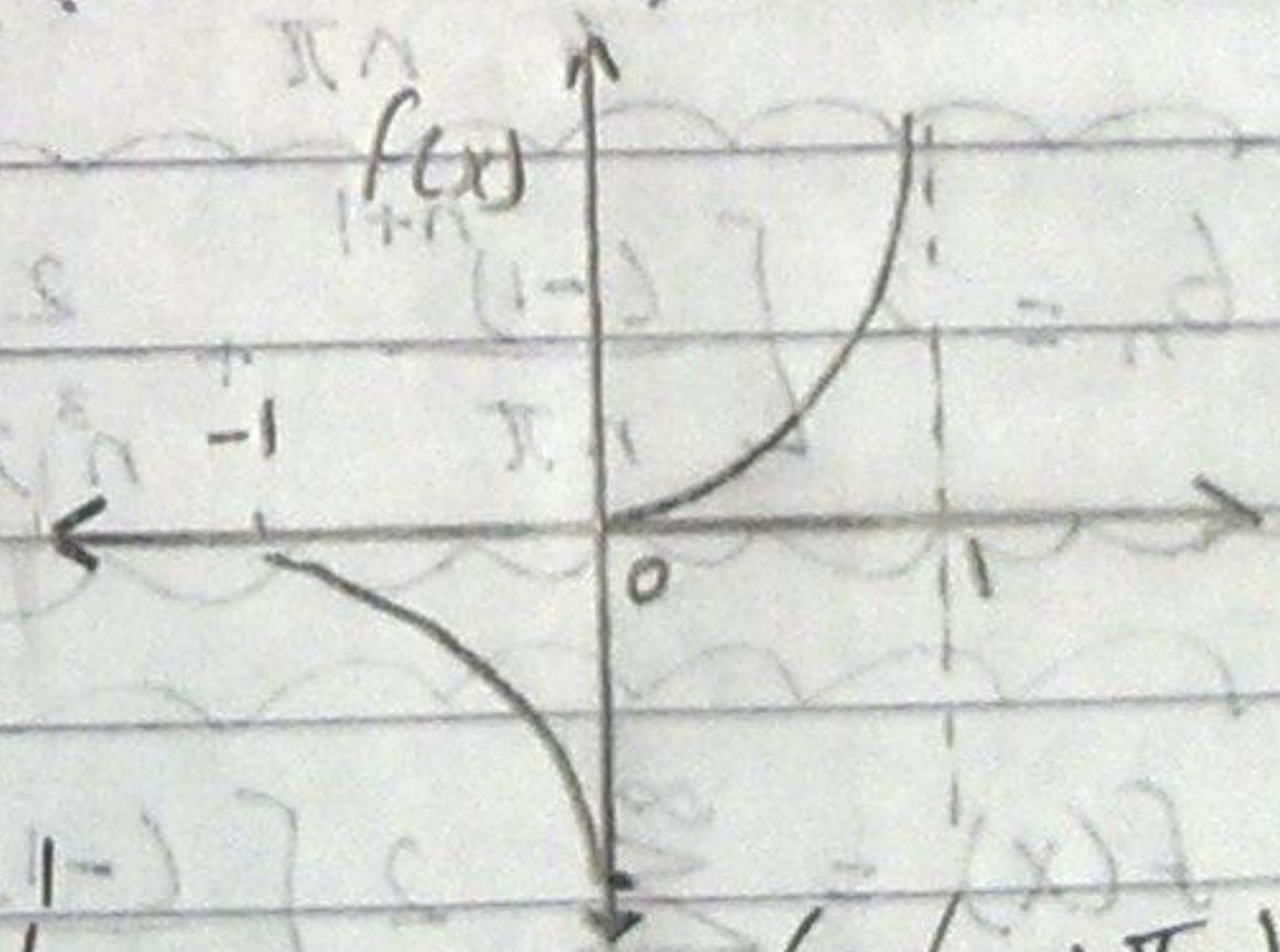
$$a_{2n-1} = \frac{2}{1} \int_0^1 x^2 \cos((2n-1)\pi x) dx$$

$$= 2 \left[x^2 \frac{\sin((2n-1)\pi x)}{(2n-1)\pi} \Big|_0^1 - 2x \frac{\cos((2n-1)\pi x)}{(2n-1)^2 \pi^2} \Big|_0^1 + 2 \frac{\sin((2n-1)\pi x)}{(2n-1)^3 \pi^3} \Big|_0^1 \right]$$

$$a_{2n-1} = \frac{4x}{(2n-1)^2 \pi^2} \cos((2n-1)\pi x)$$

$$= \frac{-4}{(2n-1)^2 \pi^2}$$

$$b_{2n-1} = \frac{2}{1} \int_0^1 x^2 \sin((2n-1)\pi x) dx$$



$$b_{2n-1} = 2 \left[x^2 \cdot \frac{-\cos((2n-1)\pi x)}{(2n-1)\pi} \Big|_0^1 - 2x \cdot \frac{-\sin((2n-1)\pi x)}{(2n-1)^2 \pi^2} \Big|_0^1 + 2 \cdot \frac{\cos((2n-1)\pi x)}{(2n-1)^3 \pi^3} \Big|_0^1 \right]$$

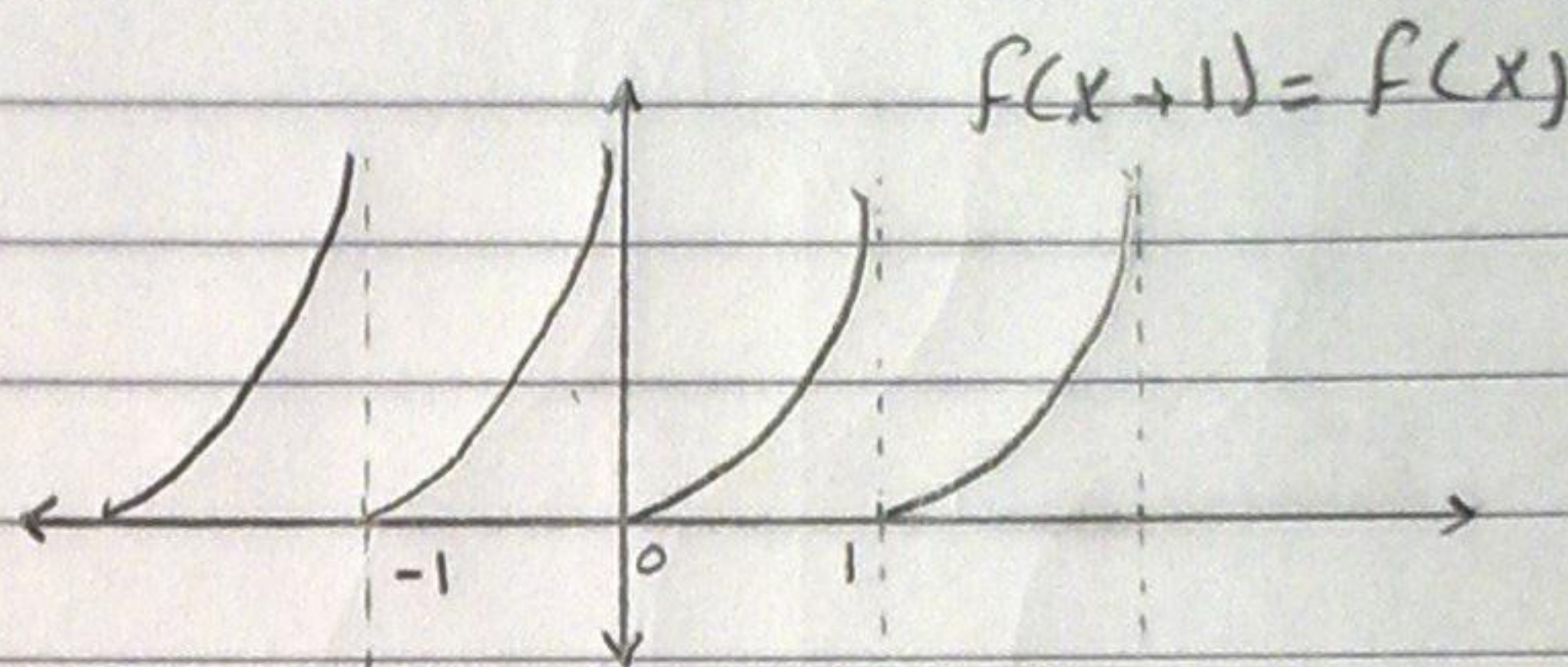
$$= 2 \left[\frac{1}{(2n-1)\pi} - \frac{2}{(2n-1)^3 \pi^3} \right] = \left\{ \frac{2}{(2n-1)\pi} - \frac{4}{(2n-1)^3 \pi^3} \right\}$$

$$f(x) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{-4}{(2n-1)^2 \pi^2} \cos((2n-1)\pi x) + \left(\frac{2}{(2n-1)\pi} - \frac{4}{(2n-1)^3 \pi^3} \right) \sin((2n-1)\pi x)$$

iv Even harmonic

$$a_0 = \frac{2}{1} \int_0^1 x^2 dx = 2 \left[\frac{x^3}{3} \right]_0^1$$

$a_0 = \frac{2}{3}$



$$a_{2n} = \frac{2}{1} \int_0^1 x^2 \cos(2n\pi x) dx$$

$$= 2 \left[x^2 \left(\frac{\sin(2n\pi x)}{2n\pi} \right) \Big|_0^1 - 2x \left(\frac{-\cos(2n\pi x)}{(2n\pi)^2} \right) \Big|_0^1 + 2 \left(\frac{-\sin(2n\pi x)}{(2n\pi)^3} \right) \Big|_0^1 \right]$$

$$a_{2n} = \frac{4}{(2n\pi)^2} (\cos(2n\pi)) = \frac{1}{n^2 \pi^2}$$

$$b_{2n} = \frac{2}{1} \int_0^1 x^2 \sin(2n\pi x) dx$$

$$= 2 \left[x^2 \cdot \frac{-\cos(2n\pi x)}{2n\pi} \Big|_0^1 - 2x \cdot \frac{-\sin(2n\pi x)}{(2n\pi)^2} \Big|_0^1 + 2 \cdot \frac{\cos(2n\pi x)}{(2n\pi)^3} \Big|_0^1 \right]$$

$$b_{2n} = 2 \left[\frac{-1}{2n\pi} + \frac{2}{(2n\pi)^3} \right] \rightarrow b_{2n} = \frac{-1}{n\pi} + \frac{1}{2n^3 \pi^3}$$

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{3} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2 \pi^2} \cos(2n\pi x) + \left(\frac{-1}{n\pi} + \frac{1}{2n^3 \pi^3} \right) \sin(2n\pi x)$$